Appendix 3
History of the Collections 1996 – 2015

FY 1996-1997

- World Wide Web Internet access is introduced in the Library
- Electronic journals (50) titles are linked to the library homepage
- Native American History database goes live online


- Native Health Research database becomes available
- History Collection is integrated into the book collection
- Staff Library is integrated into the book collection
- Journals from the years 1920-1939 were shifted to the Annex storage area
- Tables of contents were added to 5000 book records in the online catalog

FY 1998 – 1999

- Journal and book collections changed floors, books moving to 4th and journals to 3rd
- Current journals moved from plaza level to 3rd floor
- Atlases moved from the Media offices to the 4th floor
- Journals from the years 1940-1969 were shifted to the Annex storage area

FY 1999 – 2000

- The online catalog changed from a character-based interface to a graphical interface
- The Schottstaedt Gift of Southwestern Health & Medicine was given to the library by William W. Schottstaedt, MD and Mary Francis Schottstaedt, MD

FY 2000 – 2001

- Journals originally offering free electronic with print access began to charge additional fees for electronic versions
- The Resource Development Group was formed to distribute the selection and deselection responsibilities
- Ovid databases are accessed from the Internet instead of being locally mounted
- Remote proxy server access to library resources is instituted

FY 2001 – 2002

- The Media collection moved from the plaza level to the 4th floor
- Humanities collection moved from room 423 to room 415
- Ability to locate electronic journals through General Libraries Full Text Finder product becomes available
FY 2002 – 2003
- The Library ceases to be a selective government depository
- A project to weed the book collection begins
- HSLIC begins to link print and electronic journals in PubMed

FY 2003 – 2004
- The Classics of Medicine Library moved to room 416 creating the George L. and Mary W. Voelz Collection
- Books from the former History of Medicine collection which were stored offsite were reintegrated into the book collection
- The weeding of the book collection continues

FY 2004 – 2005
- The Library moved III (catalog) to a Linux server, the first US institution to do so
- Collection Resources and RUSS updated journal records in the catalog to improve linking to articles through databases
- The “History of Medicine” books were reintegrated into the general collection

FY 2005 – 2006
- HSLIC continued its focus on Electronic Resources by forming a new Electronic Resources and Access unit and moved all but a few print journal subscriptions to electronic journals
- Over 5,000 books were weeded from the collection
- Additional volumes of print journals were moved to the Annex to create more room in the stacks for recent content

FY 2006 – 2007
- HSLIC added an additional 655 electronic serials and 80 e-books to the collection
- Implementation of a new link resolver simplified access to e-journal content from HSLIC databases, including up to 70% more articles through PubMed
- The library added DynaMed with off campus access to its e-resource collection

FY 2007 – 2008
- ER&A and PRC merged to form Resources, Access, and Delivery (RAD), unifying stewardship of the print and electronic collection
- HSLIC partnered with University Libraries to share a link resolver, creating a seamless user experience
- Books were inventoried and shifted on the 4th floor to create more room for growth

FY 2008 – 2009
- HSLIC and UL launched a joint e-journal finder using Serials Solutions
- The HSC introduced a student fee for library and technology services, an influx of funds for adding student centered resources to the collection
- 20 additional serials were added to the collection

FY 2009 – 2010
- RAD shifted another 5 years of journal volumes to the annex
• RAD received a budgetary boost from the Executive Vice President for Health Sciences of $300,000 over three years.
• HSLIC canceled almost $250,000 worth of resources from the collection
• With UL, HSLIC acquired the Freedom Collection from Elsevier, a package of over 2,000 journals

FY 2010 – 2011
• RAD and Special Collections Units merged
• The second $100,000 installment from the Executive Vice President was disbursed
• Special Collections unit received a grant to process the Rural health Survey collection

FY 2011 – 2012
• HSLIC participated with UL to investigate a new ILS
• New electronic resources were added to the collection, such as e-books, a video atlas, and a dermatological images database
• The New Mexico/Southwest monograph collection was disbanded and integrated into the general collection and the NM Health Historical Collection

FY 2012 – 2013
• Multiple resources were added to the collection based on faculty member feedback, such as JoVE, ReproTox, and Exercise Pro
• HSLIC added Elsevier Clinical Key to the collection, the successor to MD Consult
• HSLIC eliminated ILL fees for faculty
• The UNMMG Agrees to reimburse HSLIC for the cost of UpToDate

FY 2013 – 2014
• RAD investigated and signed a contract to change HSLIC’s ILS to OCLC’s WorldShare Management Systems (WMS) and it’s OPAC to Worldcat Discovery
• HSLIC received an NNLM award to digitize items from the Valmora Sanatorium Records, and joined the New Mexico Digital Collections online space

FY 2014 – 2015
• HSLIC went live with Worldcat Discovery and WMS in January 2015, the first Academic Health Sciences Library to do so
• RAD faculty administered a survey to HSC users on journals slated for cancellation
• Significant number of resources were canceled due to a budget shortfall, totaling about $250,000 cut from resources

Compiled from information taken from Library Annual Reports
Christee King, Collection Resources Coordinator (1996-2004)